

Silver

Revision Date: 4/6/2016

Date Issued: 2/21/2019

1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product name Silver

 Product code
 NM-0023

 CAS
 7440-22-4

REACH No.: A registration number is not available for this

substance as the substance or its uses are exempted from registration, the annual tonnage

does not require a registration or the registration is

envisaged for a later registration deadline.

Identified uses Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

Supplier IoLiTec

Ionic Liquids Technologies GmbH

Salzstrasse 184

D - 74076 Heilbronn

Germany

 Telephone
 +49 (0)7131-89839-0

 Fax
 +49 (0)7131-89839-109

 Emergency telephone
 +49 (0)176-84850874

Email msds@iolitec.de

2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008. Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to EC-directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC.

Not a dangerous substance according to GHS.

NM-0023 Page: 1/10



Silver

Revision Date: 4/6/2016

Date Issued: 2/21/2019

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008, GHS)

Not a dangerous substance according to GHS.

Label for supply none

Precautionary statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/

vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protectic gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES Rinse cautiously with water for several

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Labelling (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Label for supply none

S-phrase(s)

S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and

eye/face protection.

Caution - substance not yet tested completely.

3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient name Contents Health(Class) Risk(R/No.)

Silver >99.5% Substance not yet fully tested!

Formula Molecular Weight

Ag 107.87 g/mol

NM-0023 Page: 2/10



Silver

Revision Date: 4/6/2016

Date Issued: 2/21/2019

4 FIRST AID MEASURES

General Contaminated clothing should be removed

and washed before being reused.

Inhalation Move the exposed person to fresh air at once.

If respiratory problems, artificial

respiration/oxygen.

Ingestion Immediately rinse mouth and provide fresh air.

Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Wash the skin immediately with water.

Eyes Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while

lifting the eye lids. Get medical attention

immediately. Continue to rinse for at least 15

minutes.

5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing mediaUse: Fire-extinguishing powder. Dry sand.

Special risks Flammable powder. Emission of toxic fumes

under fire conditions possible.

Protective measures in fire Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and

protective clothing.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions during spill Evacuate area. Shut off all heat or ignition

sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Wear self-contained

breathing apparatus, rubber boots and gloves.

NM-0023 Page: 3/10



Silver

Revision Date: 4/6/2016

Date Issued: 2/21/2019

Spill cleanup methodsAvoid contact with skin or inhalation of

spillage, dust or vapor, Avoid dust formation.

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed

containers in license waste.

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Usage precautions Handle under dry Argon.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator.

Storage precautions Store in a closed container at moderate

temperatures in dry, well ventilated area.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

Special storage criteria Pressure development possible. Store away

from acids and alkalies.

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

NM-0023 Page: 4/10



Silver

Revision Date: 4/6/2016

Date Issued: 2/21/2019

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Body Protection

Impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

For nuisance exposures use type P95 (US) or type P1 (EU EN 143) particle respirator. For higher level protection use type OV/AG/P99 (US) or type ABEK-P2 (EU EN 143) respirator cartridges. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Exposure limits

RECOMMENDATIONS OF MAK-COMMISSION

This data is recommended by scientific experience and is not established law.

0.1 mg/m³ with reference to the inhalable fraction Limitation of exposure peaks:

Excursion factor 8 Duration 15 min, mean; 4 times per shift; interval 1 hour

Pregnancy: Group D

A classification according to groups A-C is not possible, because either there is no data available or the available data is insufficient for a final evaluation.

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color grey

Odor/taste No characteristic odor.

Melting Point960.8°CBoiling Point2210°C

Density 10.491 g/cm³ (20°C)

Solubility in water Insoluble

NM-0023 Page: 5/10



Silver

Revision Date: 4/6/2016

Date Issued: 2/21/2019

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous chemical reactions:

Silver in it's solid state is stable and non-combustible, the powder is combustible and reactive. Explosive silver acetylide can be generated by reaction of acetylene with silver powder and even with the solid metal. In reaction with ammonia and hydrazine, explosive compounds can be formed, especially with silversalt solutions. Peroxides, ozonides and other oxidants can be decomposed by silver powder. Various silver compounds, especially, when dry, are explosive.

Risk of explosion in contact with:

acetylene compounds; ammonia compounds; aziridine; bromine azide; 1-bromo-3-propyne; ethanol + nitric acid; ethylenehydroperoxide; ethylene oxide; oxalic acid (heat); tartaric acid (heat);

The substance can react dangerously with:

halogens, nitric acid, chlorine trifluoride; iodoform; conc. sulphuric-acid;

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral – rat – male > 5.000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

NM-0023 Page: 6/10



Silver

Revision Date: 4/6/2016

Date Issued: 2/21/2019

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

Subacute to chronic toxicity

Absorption of silver compounds by ingestion, inhalation or through broken skin can cause argyria, a permanent bluish-grey discoloration of the skin, conjustiva and mucous membranes.

Potential health effects

Ingestionno data availableInhalationno data availableSkinno data availableEyesno data available

Additional Information

RTECS: Not available

Full Data on the toxicity of this product are not available. Hazardous properties cannot be excluded.

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

LC50 Fish (96 hours)

 Minimum:
 0,00213 mg/l

 Maximum:
 58 mg/l

 Median:
 0,00807 mg/l

Study number: 26

NM-0023 Page: 7/10



Silver

Revision Date: 4/6/2016

Date Issued: 2/21/2019

Reference for median: Klaine, S.J., T.W. La Point, G.P. Cobb, B.L. Forsythe II, T.P. Bills, M.D. Wenholz, and R.D. Jeffers 1996. Influence of Water Quality Parameters on Silver Toxicity: Preliminary Result. In: A.W.Andren and T.W.Bober (Eds.), 3rd Int.Conf.Proc.Transport, Fate and Effects of Silver in the Environment, Aug.6-9, 1995, Washington, D.C.:65-77; Goettl, J.P.Jr., P.H. Davies, and J.R. Sinley 1976. Water Pollution Studies. In: D.B.Cope (Ed.), Colorado Fish.Res.Rev.1972-1975, DOW-R-R-F72-75, Colorado Div.of Wildl., Boulder, CO:68-75

LC50 Crustaceans (48 hours)

 Minimum:
 0,0015 mg/l

 Maximum:
 4,5 mg/l

 Median:
 0,015 mg/l

Study number: 7

Reference for median: Mount, D.I., and T.J. Norberg 1984. A Seven-Day Life-Cycle Cladoceran Toxicity Test. Environ.Toxicol.Chem. 3(3):425-434 (Author Communication Used)

EC50 Crustaceans (48 hours)

 Minimum:
 0,00024 mg/l

 Maximum:
 0,0095 mg/l

 Median:
 0,0092 mg/l

Study number: 3

Reference for median: Office of Pesticide Programs 2000. Pesticide Ecotoxicity Database (Formerly: Environmental Effects Database (EEDB)). Environmental Fate and Effects Division, U.S.EPA, Washington, D.C.

EC50 Algae (72 or 96 hours)

Test duration: 96 Stunden

 Minimum:
 0,00163 mg/l

 Maximum:
 0,00234 mg/l

 Median:
 0,00198 mg/l

Study number: 2

Reference for median: Hiriart-Baer, V.P., C. Fortin, D.Y. Lee, and P.G.C. Campbell 2006. Toxicity of Silver to Two Freshwater Algae, Chlamydomonas reinhardtii and Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Grown Under Continuous Culture Conditions: Influence of Thiosulphate. Aquat. Toxicol. 78(2):136-148

NM-0023 Page: 8/10



Silver

Revision Date: 4/6/2016

Date Issued: 2/21/2019

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methodNon-hazardous waste according to Waste

Catalogue Ordinance (AVV). If there is no way

of recycling it must be disposed of in

compliance with the respective national and

local regulations.

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

General Not classified as dangerous for transport

purposes.

Road transport notesNot classified as dangerous for road transport.

Rail transport notes Not classified as dangerous for rail transport.

Sea transport notesNot classified as dangerous for sea transport.

Air transport notes Not classified as dangerous for air transport.

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Classification according to German Regulation KBwS:

Reg.no. 979: German Regulation WGK 1 (Water hazard class 1) severe hazard to waters. Do not allow to enter waters, waste water, or soil.

NM-0023 Page: 9/10



Silver

Revision Date: 4/6/2016

Date Issued: 2/21/2019

16 OTHER INFORMATION

DISCLAIMER

THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS BELIEVED TO BE CORRECT BUT DOES NOT PURPOSED TO BE ALL INCLUSIVE AND SHALL BE USED ONLY AS A GUIDE. IOLITEC SHALL NOT BE HELD LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGE RESULTING FROM HANDLING OR FROM CONTACT WITH THE ABOVE PRODUCT. THIS INFORMATION RELATES ONLY TO THE SPECIFIC MATERIAL DESIGNATED AND MAY NOT BE VALID FOR SUCH MATERIAL USED IN COMBINATION WITH ANY OTHER MATERIALS OR ANY PROCESS. IT IS THE USERE'S RESPONISIBILTY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO THE SUITABILITY OF SUCH INFORMATION FOR HIS OWN PARTICULAR USE.

IN NO WAY SHALL IOLITEC BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIMS, LOSSES OR DAMAGES OF ANY THIRD PARTY OR FOR THE LOST PROFITS OR ANY SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES, HOWSOEVER ARISING, EVEN IF THE COMPANY HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

NM-0023 Page: 10/10